What is claimed:

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- 1. A transgenic plant comprising an expression cassette comprising a promoter operably linked to a ferulic acid esterase encoding polynucleotide.
- 2. The plant of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from Aspergillus niger.
- 3. The plant of claim 2, wherein the polynucleotide is FAE! from Aspergillus niger.
- 4. The plant of claim 3, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a ferulic acid esterase with an altered glycosylation site.
 - 5. The plant of claim 3, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a ferulic acid esterase with a substitution so that glycosylation is altered.
- 6. The plant of claim 3, wherein the polynucleotide further comprises a polynucleotide that encodes CTWPVAAA at the 3' end.
- 7. The plant of claim 3 wherein sub-optimal codons are modified to *Triticum spp.* preferred codons.
- 8. The plant of claim 1, wherein the introduction of the ferulic acid esterase polynucleotide into the plant is by sexual reproduction.
- 9. The plant of claim 1, wherein the promoter is an inducible promoter.
 - 10. The plant of claim 9, wherein the promoter is a senescence promoter.
- 11. The plant of claim 9, wherein the promoter is a heat shock promoter.
 - 12. The plant of claim 1, wherein the promoter is a constitutive promoter
 - 13. The plant of claim 1, wherein the expression cassette further comprises a polynucleotide sequence that targets expression of the

polynucleotide.

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- 14. The plant of claim 13, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is upstream of the N-terminus of the ferulic acid esterase polynucleotide.
- 15. The plant of claim 14, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from the signal sequence of a vacuolar targeted gene
 - 16. The plant of claim 15, wherein the targeted gene is a barley aleurain gene.
 - 17. The plant of claim 15, wherein the vacuolar signal sequence of the polynucleotide is modified to produce a endoplasmic reticulum or apoplast signal sequence.
 - 18. The plant of claim 15, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from the signal sequence of a vacuolar targeted senescence gene.
 - 19. The plant of claim 18, wherein the senescence gene is a Lolium *See1* signal sequence.
- 20. The plant of claim 13, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from the signal sequence of a golgi targeted gene.
- 21. The plant of claim 20, wherein the targeted gene is a rat sialyl transferease signal sequence.
- 22. The plant of claim 13, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from the signal sequence of an apoplast signal sequence.
 - 23. The plant of claim 22, wherein the signal sequence is from *Aspergillus niger* ferulic acid esterase.
 - 24. The plant of claim 16, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from *Solanum tuberosum*.
 - 25. The plant of claim 13, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is downstream of the C-terminus of the ferulic acid esterase polynucleotide
 - 26. The plant of claim 25, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is a KDEL sequence.

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- 27. The plant of claim 25, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is a stop codon.
- 28. The plant of claim 25, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is an extension of the ferulic acid esterase reading frame to provide a linker to KDEL.
- 29. The plant of claim 1, further comprising introduction into the plant a second expression cassette comprising a promoter operably linked to a xylanase encoding polynucleotide.
- 30. The plant of claim 29, wherein the xylanase encoding polynucleotide is from *Trichoderma reesei*.
 - 31. The plant of claim 29, wherein the first and second expression cassettes are present on separate plasmids.
 - 32. The transgenic plant of claim 1, selected from the group consisting of Festuca, Lolium, Zea and Avena.
 - 33. The transgenic plant of claim 32, wherein the plant is a Festuca plant.
 - 34. A method of controlling the level of phenolic acids in plant cell walls of a transgenic plant, the method comprising introducing into the plant an expression cassette comprising a promoter operably linked to a ferulic acid esterase encoding polynucleotide.
 - 35. The method of claim 34, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from *Aspergillus niger*.
 - 36. The method of claim 35, wherein the polynucleotide is a FAE 1 gene from *Aspergillus niger*.
- The method of claim 36, wherein the polynucleotide encodes the ferulic acid esterase with an altered glycosylation site.
 - 38. The method of claim 36, wherein the polynucleotide encodes the ferulic acid esterase with a substitution such that glycosylation is altered.
 - 39. The method of claim 36, wherein the polynucleotide

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comprises CTWPVAAA at the 3' end.

- 40. The method of claim 36 wherein sub-optimal codons are modified to *Triticum spp.* preferred codons.
- 41. The method of claim 36, wherein the polynucleotide comprises SEQ ID NO:1.
 - 42. The method of claim 34, wherein the introduction of the ferulic acid esterase polynucleotide into the plant is by transformation of cell cultures.
- 43. The method of claim 42, wherein the cell cultures are regenerated to plants.
 - 44. The method of claim 34 wherein the ferulic acid esterase polynucleotide is introduced into the plant by sexual reproduction.
 - 45. The method of claim 34, wherein the transgenic plant is a member of a genus selected from the group consisting of Festuca, Lolium, Avena and Zea.
 - 46. The method of claim 45, wherein the transgenic plant is a member of the genus Festuca.
 - 47. The method of claim 46, wherein the transgenic plant is a *Festuca arundinacea*.
 - 48. The method of claim 34, wherein the promoter is an inducible promoter.
 - 49. The method of claim 48, wherein the promoter is a senescence promoter.
- 50. The method of claim 48, wherein the promoter is a heat shock protein promoter.
 - 51. The method of claim 34, wherein the promoter is a constitutive promoter.
 - 52. The method of claim 51, wherein the promoter is an actin

promoter.

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- 53. The method of claim 34, wherein the expression cassette further comprises a polynucleotide sequence that targets expression of the polynucleotide.
- 54. The method of claim 53, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is upstream of the N-terminus of the ferulic acid esterase polynucleotide.
- 55. The method of claim 54, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from the signal sequence of a vacuolar targeted gene.
- 56. The method of claim 55, wherein the targeted gene is a barley aleurain gene.
- 57. The method of claim 55, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from the signal sequence of a Lolium See1 signal sequence.
- 58. The method of claim 55, wherein the vacuolar signal sequence of the polynucleotide is modified to produce a endoplasmic reticulum signal sequence.
- 59. The method of claim 55, wherein the vacuolar signal sequence of the polynucleotide is modified to produce an apoplast signal sequence.
- 60. The method of claim 54, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from the signal sequence of a golgi targeted gene.
- 61. The method of claim 60, wherein the targeted gene is a rat sialyl transferease signal sequence.
- 62. The method of claim 59, wherein the polynucleotide is derived from the signal sequence of a fungal apoplast signal sequence.
 - 63. The method of claim 62, wherein the signal sequence is from *Aspergillus niger* ferulic acid esterase.
 - 64. The method of claim 59, wherein the apoplast signal

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sequence is from a potato.

- 65. The method of claim 53, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is downstream of the C-terminus of the ferulic acid esterase polynucleotide
- 5 66. The method of claim 65, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is a KDEL sequence.
 - 67. The method of claim 65, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is a stop codon.
- 68. The method of claim 65, wherein the polynucleotide sequence is an extension of the ferulic acid esterase reading frame to provide a linker to KDEL.
 - 69. The method of claim 34, further comprising simultaneous introduction into the plant a second expression cassette comprising a promoter operably linked to a polynucleotide encoding a xylanase gene.
 - 70. The method of claim 69, wherein the second polynucleotide is a fungal xylanase.
 - 71. The method of claim 70, wherein the fungal xylanase is from *Trichoderma reesei*.
- 72. The method of claim 35, wherein the first and second expression cassettes are present on separate plasmids.
 - 73. The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second expression cassettes are present on separate plasmids.
 - 74. A transgenic plant produced by the method of claim 34.